



RIVER CANE RESTORATION

Weaving Satellite Data into a
Rivercane Map

BACKGROUND ON RIVER CANE



“Development and agriculture has severely impacted native river cane (*Arundinaria gigantea*) habitat. The Eastern Band of Cherokee Indians (EBCI), who **use river cane for native crafts**, are now concerned about the future of the species. “

blowguns, fishing poles, chairs, baskets, pipestems and for shining clay pots.

“According to historical studies conducted by Noss et al. (2001), canebrakes are **endangered** and less than 2% of the original distribution remains. “

“Canebrakes **provide habitats** for a variety of wildlife including species of birds, mammals and reptiles (Platt et al., 2001). Dense stands of cane can act as buffers, filtering and removing contaminants, nutrients and sediments (Schoonover et al., 2006).”



Sources: https://www.wcu.edu/WebFiles/PDFs/Katie_Thesis.pdf, <http://sensible-survival.blogspot.com/2011/05/make-river-cane-blowgun.html>
<http://www.cherokee.org/About-The-Nation/Culture/General/Uses-of-River-Cane> & <https://youtu.be/il4DGoNIUTO>

OBJECTIVE — IDENTIFY AREA ON A MAP WHERE NATIVE RIVER CANE CAN GROW

Rivercane Needs:

energy (**sunlight**) for photosynthesis,

respiration (**soil nutrients**)

and

transpiration (**water**)

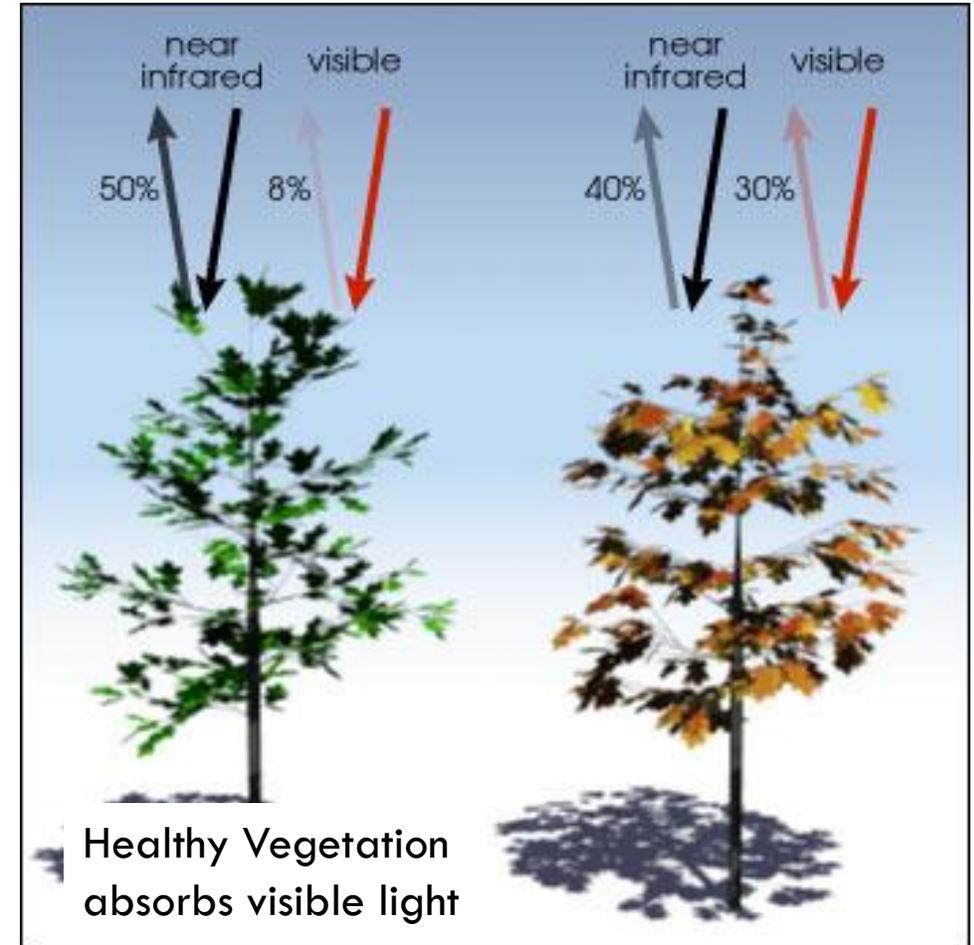


Image Source: <http://www.smliv.com/features/river-cane-of-the-southern-appalachians/>

QUESTION: WHERE CAN RIVER CANE BE RE-ESTABLISHED?

Variables to Consider:

- Elevation – prefers areas below 760-m in elevation (2,493.4 ft.) – [GSMNP map](#)
- Close to Water – prefers floodplains - [GSMNP map](#)
- Flooding tolerance – it is unable to withstand long periods of being under water - [GIOVANNI](#)
- Solar Energy – prefers thin or no canopy cover - [GIOVANNI](#)
- Soil Type – prefers soils with high sand content - [GSMNP map](#)



Index values show the ratio of absorbed light

$$\frac{(0.50 - 0.08)}{(0.50 + 0.08)} = 0.72$$

$$\frac{(0.4 - 0.30)}{(0.4 + 0.30)} = 0.14$$

GSMNP ONLINE MAP – START HERE

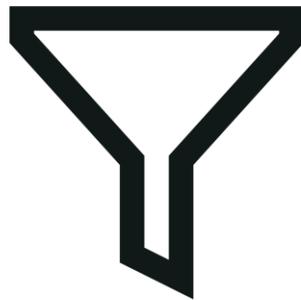
Soils & Elevation – already mapped

Use this [LINK](#)

Your task – Identify three areas of interest and record the latitude & longitude of each



Layers – use to turn on or off soil, parent material & elevation



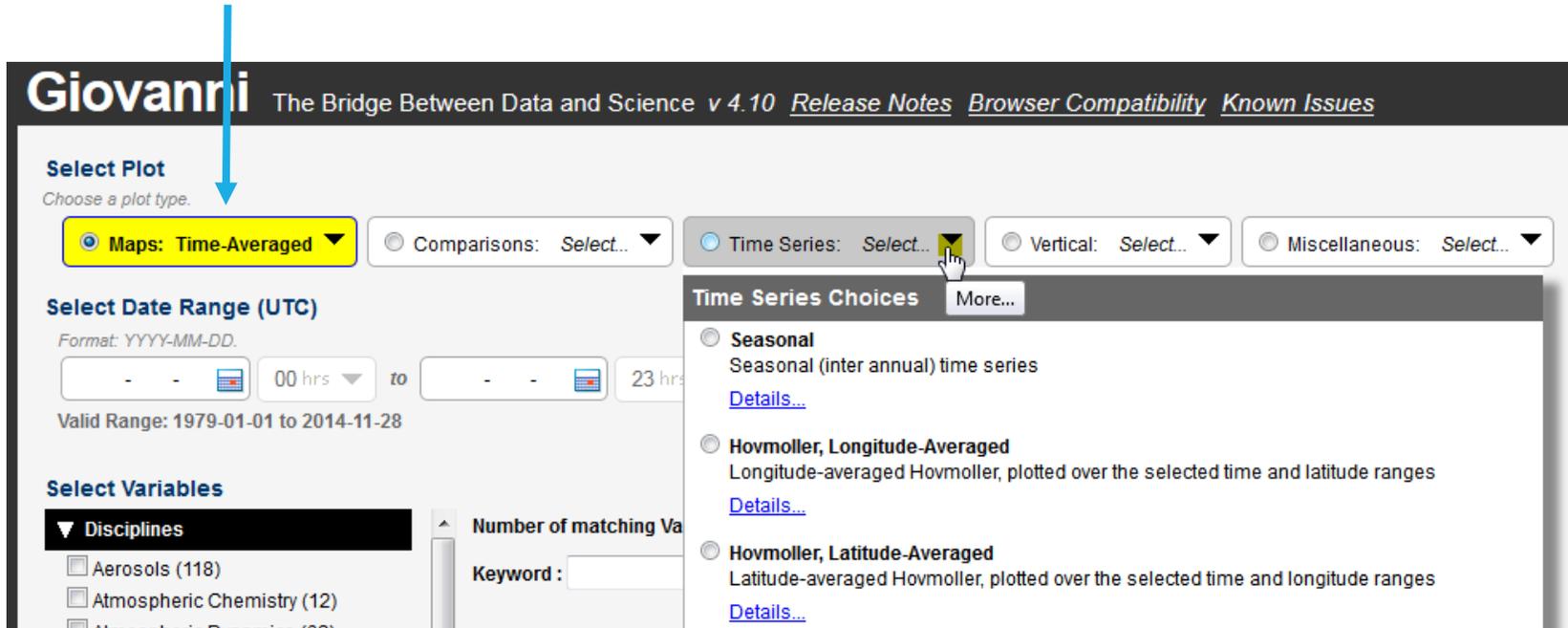
Filter – show ONLY soil & parent material



Draw – put circles around the three areas you choose to investigate

NEXT STEP — REMAINING VARIABLES

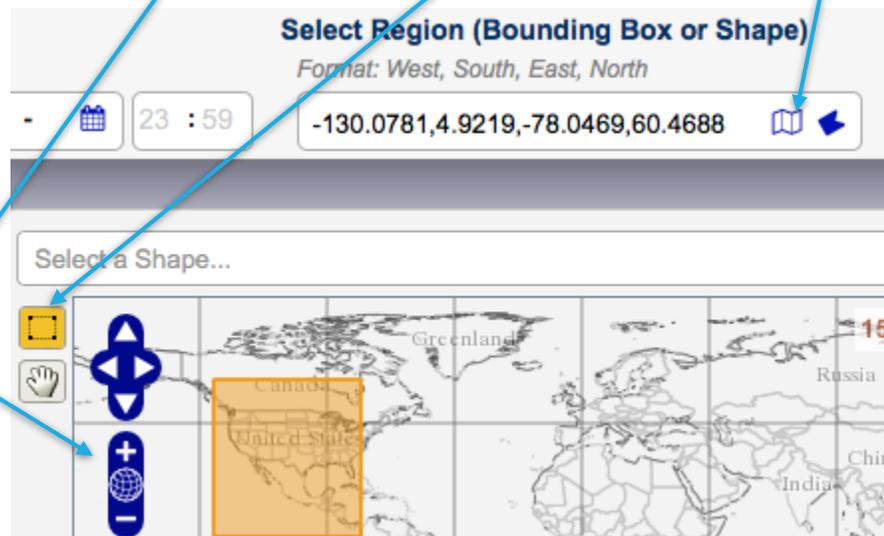
1. Open the mapping program found here: <https://giovanni.gsfc.nasa.gov/giovanni/>
2. Select Plot type – this depends on the type of data available.



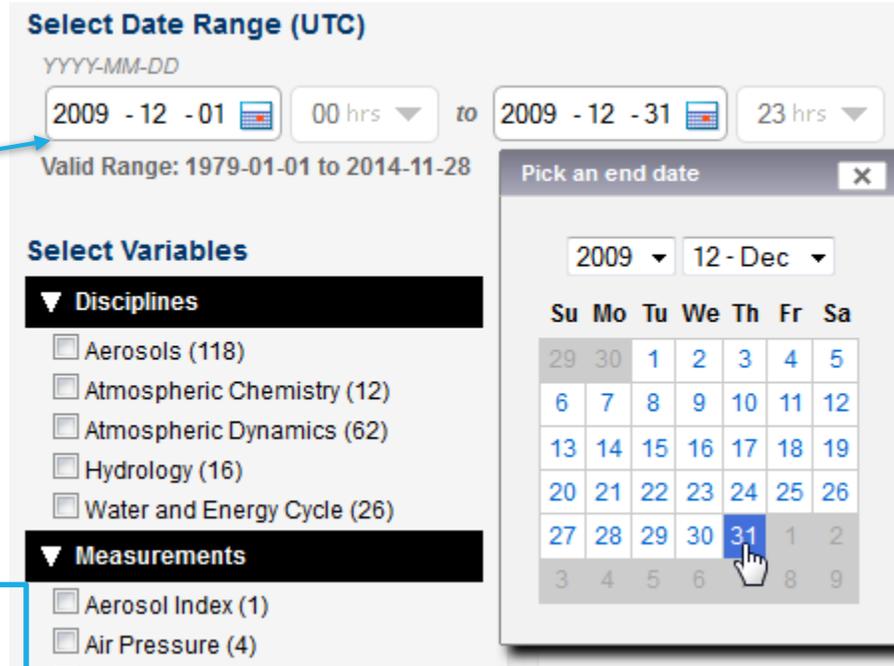
The screenshot displays the Giovanni web interface. At the top, the header reads "Giovanni The Bridge Between Data and Science v 4.10" with links for "Release Notes", "Browser Compatibility", and "Known Issues". The main section is titled "Select Plot" with the instruction "Choose a plot type." Below this, there are several dropdown menus: "Maps: Time-Averaged" (highlighted in yellow), "Comparisons: Select...", "Time Series: Select..." (with a dropdown arrow), "Vertical: Select...", and "Miscellaneous: Select...". A blue arrow points to the "Maps: Time-Averaged" dropdown. The "Time Series: Select..." dropdown is open, showing a list of "Time Series Choices" with a "More..." button. The choices include: "Seasonal" (Seasonal (inter annual) time series), "Hovmoller, Longitude-Averaged" (Longitude-averaged Hovmoller, plotted over the selected time and latitude ranges), and "Hovmoller, Latitude-Averaged" (Latitude-averaged Hovmoller, plotted over the selected time and longitude ranges). Below the "Select Plot" section, there is a "Select Date Range (UTC)" section with a format "YYYY-MM-DD" and a "Valid Range: 1979-01-01 to 2014-11-28". The "Select Variables" section is partially visible, showing a "Disciplines" dropdown and a list of variables like "Aerosols (118)", "Atmospheric Chemistry (12)", and "Atmospheric Dynamics (62)".

ANALYSIS OF RIVER CANE HABITAT

3. Select Data range – analyze one year or many years
4. Select our Region by drawing a box on a world map & zooming in



Coordinates:
West = -83.940
South = 35.428
East = -83.001
North = 35.795

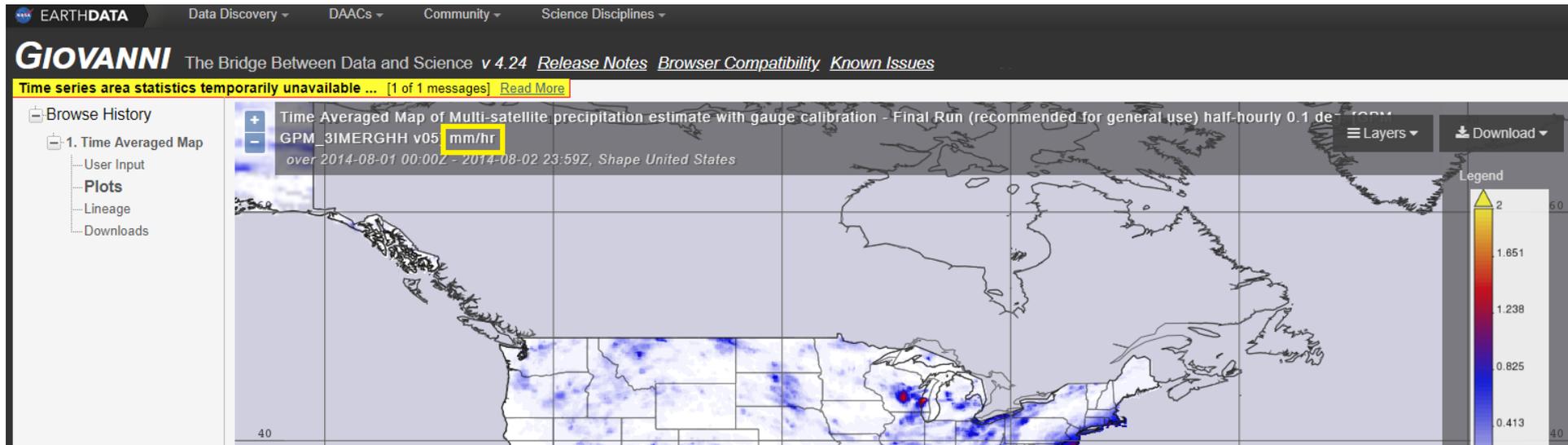


Dates:
Jan. 1 2010
Dec. 31 2015

USING GIOVANNI

Select Variables – work in pairs – each with a different variable

- floodplains – Discipline = Hydrology, Measurement = Flooding, Choose Flooded Area
- thin or no canopy cover – Measurements = Vegetation, Choose first option



Giovanni will keep track of the maps you generate

Use the Browse History menu on the left to see each map you make

Click User Input under Browse History to change map & maintain a record of maps you've made

FLOODING & CANOPY COVER PARAMETERS

Flooded Area

This ranges from
62,813 m² (15 acres)
to

1,931,582 m² (477
acres)

Look for Over 100 on
scale



Vegetation

This ranges from 64%
to 68%

Look for Below 6.5 on
scale

FEEDBACK



Tell us what you think!

Tell us about your experience today at this link:
<https://goo.gl/forms/vA2yIRnNIW5aLGUh2>

